# Capital Project Cost Contingency

System Expansion Committee 02/09/23



#### Today's presentation

- Providing information about types of cost contingency, and how we manage contingencies for ST projects.
- Not examining cost estimating process today.
- Setting the stage for additional discussion about project contingencies.
- No board action is requested.



# What is contingency?

#### Cost contingency

Allows for uncertainty that is likely to add cost to an estimate

- planning and estimating errors and omissions
- minor price fluctuations
- variations in market and environmental conditions
- design developments and changes within the scope

Contingency is not to add work outside the scope; Cost contingency is expected to be expended



### Types of contingency

#### Design Allowance

• Cost of construction elements included in the scope but not yet quantified or fully defined

#### Allocated Contingency (AC)

- Unforeseen conditions encountered during the execution of the work.
- Contract contingency is a type of AC for change orders or agreement amendments

#### Unallocated Contingency (UAC)

• Addresses general project risks & cost estimate variances; not to fund scope increases

#### Project Contingency & Project Reserve

- Project Contingency is set aside in the project for extraordinary uncertainties
- Project Reserve is separate in the finance plan; 2/3 board majority approval required



## Contingency in budgets

#### Project planning and design

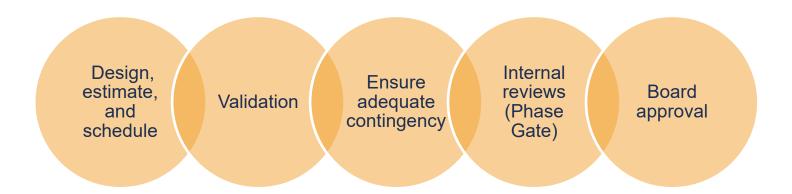
When a project begins, the Board approves initial budget to analyze alternatives, perform environmental review and complete early engineering. Later, budget is added to complete design and pre-construction work.

Allocated contingency is included for contracts and unallocated for general phase budget unknowns





#### Project baseline



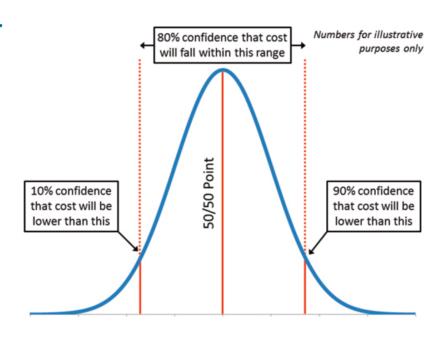




#### Contingency based on risk

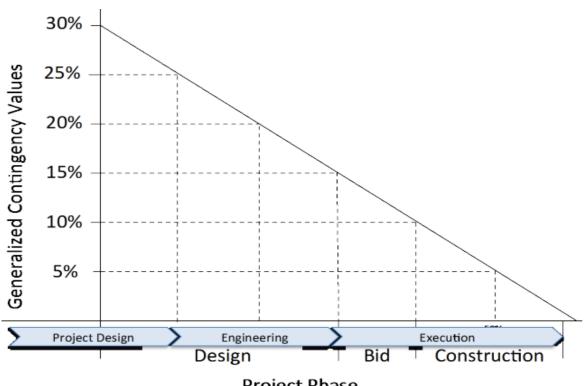
Right of Way costs have higher contingency to cover market condition variability.

High risk construction activity, such as deep foundations or tunnels, also carries higher contingency.



# How contingency is managed

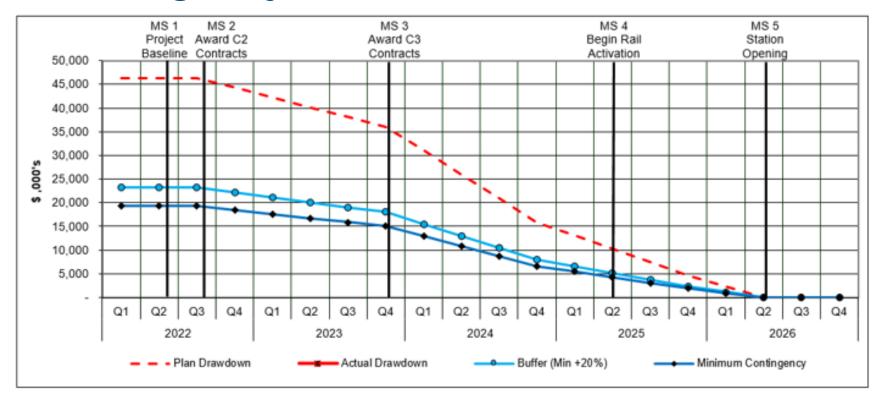
## Contingency drawdown



Guidance from FTA project oversight procedures

**Project Phase** 

## Contingency drawdown



### Who can approve using contingency?

#### **Project Team**

- Small budget transfers (<\$150k) of Allocated (AC) or Unallocated Contingency (UAC)
- Small change orders (<\$500k) within existing contract contingency

#### **Executive Director**

- Large budget transfers of AC or UAC
- Large change orders within existing contract contingency

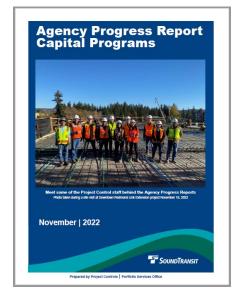
## ST Board or Committee

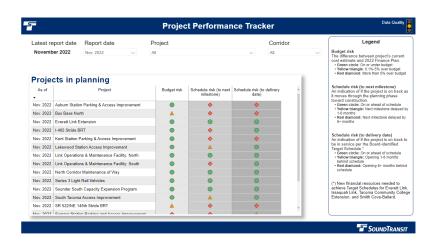
- Actions that increase contracting authority to the Board Committee threshold
- Use of Project Contingency or Reserve



## Continuous monitoring and reporting

We report contingency balances of baselined projects in the Agency Progress Report and Project Performance Tracker.







#### Next Steps

- Continue Board-level discussion of estimating process and components
- Build on this presentation for future discussions later this year:
  - Contingencies from recent projects, including options once projects complete



## Thank you.



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